## MARKING SCHEME SOCIAL SCIENCE (NSQF)

## SECONDARY SCHOOL EXAMINATION SA-II MARCH 2017 CODE NO. 532/3

Q.NO.	D. EXPECTED ANSWERS/ VALUE POINTS		
1		T	MARKS
1	Legal measure taken by Indian Government:  Enacted the Consumer Protection Act in 1986	ECO – 86	1
2	Difference between ferrous minerals and non-ferrous minerals :		
	Ferrous minerals are those metallic minerals that contains iron on the other hand, non-ferrous minerals are those minerals that they do not contain iron.	GEO – 52, 53	1
3	Any one regional party of Karnataka :	DP - 82	
	Janta Dal Secular		1
4	Right to Information useful to consumers:  By the enactment of RTI, one can get all the information of the functioning of government departments.	ECO – 80	1
5	Movement started in Nepal in 2006: Restoring democracy	DP - 58	1
6	Main reason for starting of water war in Bolivia:  The MNC immediately increased the price of water by four times	DP – 60	1
7	Allegory of the German Nation: Germania	HIS – 43	
	Or		
	Unification of Vietnam in April 1975 :	1110 22	
	Ho – Chi-Minh	HIS – 23	1

8	Logo used to ensure the quality of edible oil :	ECO – 85	
	AGMARK		1
9	Salt March became the base to begin the "Civil Disobedience Movement":		
	Mahatma Gandhi found in salt a powerful symbol to unite the nation. He wrote a letter to Viceroy Irwin stating eleven demands of different classes, industrialists and peasants. Among the demands, the most stirring was to abolish the salt tax. Salt was one of the most essential items of food. The government had monopoly over its production. Mahatma Gandhi gave an ultimatum if the demands were not fulfilled by 11 March, the Congress would launch a Civil Disobedience campaign. Irwin was unwilling to negotiate, so Mahatma Gandhi started Salt March. On 6 <sup>th</sup> April he reached Dandi and ceremonially violated the law, manufacturing salt by boiling sea water.		
	(To be assessed as a whole)		3
10		HIS – 63	
10	Process of unification of Italy:		
	Italy was divided in seven states in 19 <sup>th</sup> century. During the 1830's Giuseppi Mazzini had sought to put together a coherent programme for a unitary Italian Republic. He had formed a secret society 'Young Italy' to get its goals. After earlier failures in 1831 and 1848, King Victor Emmanuel II took to unified Italian States through war. He assured the public that unification of Italy will lead to economic development and political dominance. Chief Minister Cavour made a tactful alliance with France. Sardinia – Piedmont succeeded in defeating the Austrian forces in 1859 with the help of two kingdoms of Sicilies and the Peasants drove away the Spanish rulers. In 1861, Victor Emmaneul II was proclaimed the king of United Italy.	HIS - 20	
	(To be assessed as a whole)		
	OR		
	Steps taken by the French in the Mekong Delta region to increase cultivation:		
	The French began by building canals and draining lands in the     Mekong Delta		
	ii. Increase in the vast system of irrigation works was developed		3

	<ul><li>iii. Increased rice production</li><li>iv. Export of rice was allowed</li><li>v. By 1931, Vietnam become the third largest producer of rice in the world</li></ul>	HIS – 32	
	(Any three points to be explained)		
11	Measures can be taken by the government to make globalization more fair:		
	i. Fair globalization would create opportunities for all and also ensures that the benefits of globalization are shared better		
	ii. Labour laws are properly implemented		
	iii. Workers should get their rights		
	iv. Government can use trade and investment barriers		
	v. It can negotiate at the WTO for fairer rules		
	vi. Enhancing the quality of production		
	vii. Encouraging business community to do business globally		
	(Any other relevant point)		
12	(Any three points to be explained)	Eco – 70	3
12	Growing role of money and muscle power in political parties:		
	i. There should be state funding of elections.		
	ii. Rath Yatras, rallies and processions should be banned.		
	iii. All types of elections should be held at the same time.		
	iv. It should be mandatory for every candidate contesting elections to file an affidavit giving details of his property and criminal cases pending against if any.		
	v. Political parties to hold their organizational elections and file their income tax returns.		
	vi. One third seats to be reserved for women candidates.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any three points to be explained)	DP – 86	3X1=3

13			
	Major challenge is being faced by the Indian Democracy:		
	Indian Democracy is facing the challenge of expansion		
	i. Applying the basic principle of democratic government across all the regions, different social groups and various institutions		
	ii. Ensuring greater power to local government		
	iii. Extension of federal principle to all the units of the federation including minority groups and women		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any two points to be explained)	DP – 102	1+2=3
14	Noise Pollution affects our health:		
	Noise pollution not only results in irritation and anger. It also causes hearing impairment, increased heart rate and blood pressure among other physiological effects. Unwanted sounds are irritant and a source of stress.		
	(Any other relevant point)	GEO – 78	3
	(Assess as a whole)		
15	Policies of 'Communist Party of India – Marxist (CPI-M)':	DP – 80	3X1=3
	i. CPI-M believes in Marxism and Leninism		
	ii. It supports socialism, secularism and democracy		
	iii. It opposes imperialism and communalism		
	iv. It accepts democratic elections as a useful and helpful means for securing the objective of socio-economic justice in India		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any three points to be explained)		
16	Differences between Agro Based and Mineral Based Industries:		
	Industries that use agricultural production as raw material are called Agro Based Industries such as cotton, jute, silk, woolen textile, sugar and edible oil etc. are the examples of Agro Based Industries.		
	Industries that use minerals and metals as raw materials are called Mineral Based Industries. Iron and Steel, Cement, Aluminum, Petro Chemicals,	GEO – 67, 71	$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$ =3

	Machines, Tools etc are the examples of Mineral Based Industries.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
17	Reasons for participation of Business Class in the 'Civil Disobedience Movement':		
	During the First World War, business class had made huge profits and became powerful. They were keen on expanding their business. They now reacted against colonial policies. They wanted protection against imports of foreign goods. They formed the Indian industrial and commercial congress in 1920 and the Federation of the Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industries in 1927 Led by Pursottamdass Thakurdass and G. D. Birla industrialists attacked colonial control over the Indian economy and supported the Civil Disobedience Movement. They gave financial assistance and refused to buy or sell imported goods.	HIS-66	3
18	(To be assessed as a whole.)		3X1=3
	Three advantages of 'Self Help Groups':	ECO – 51	
	i. Self Help Groups provide loans to their members to meet their needs		
	ii. They provide loan at the cheaper rate		
	iii. They save poor from high rate of interest and they also save them from the harassment of the money lenders and landlords		
	iv. The SHGs help borrowers to overcome the problem of lack of collaterals		
	v. They provide platform to discuss and act on a variety of social issues		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any three points to be explained)		
19	Trade and its components:		
	The exchange of goods among people, states and countries is referred to as trade.		
	Export and Import are the two components of trade	GEO-90	1+2=3
	(Any other relevant point)		
20	Ways to save consumers from exploitation in the market place:		
	<ul><li>i. Consumers should be very careful about the quality of goods</li><li>ii. They should prefer goods marked by I.S.I., AGMARK etc.</li></ul>		

	iii. Ask for cash memo		
	iv. They should complain if there is something wrong with them while purchasing		
	v. They should know their rights and exercise them properly and promptly		
	vi. The enactment of the Consumer Protection Act of 1986 known as COPRA by Indian government to bring the awareness to the consumers		
	(Any other relevant point)	Eco - 80	3x1=3
	(Any three points to be explained)		3X1-3
21	Ways by which multinational companies are spreading their products across the world:		
	MNCs set up their production units in those areas where skilled and unskilled labour is easily available at low cost		
	ii. They set up these units near to the market		
	iii. They also choose such areas where required facilities are available		
	iv. They also set up production jointly with some of the local companies		
	v. Sometimes, they buy local companies and then expand their production		
	vi. Sometimes, they place orders for production with small producers and provide them money for their requirements		
	vii. MNCs provide to the local companies their latest technology for better and speedy production		
	(Any other relevant point)	ECO – 57,	
22	(Any five points to be explained)	58	5x1=5
22	Participation of women at a large scale in the 'Civil Disobedience Movement':		
	Women in large number participated in the Civil Disobedience     Movement		
	ii. During Salt March, they came out of their homes to listen to Gandhi Ji		
	iii. They participated in Protest marches, manufactured salt and picketed foreign clothes and liquor shops	HIS – 66,	5

	iv. Many went to jail		
	v. Not only urban areas even from rural areas women participated		
	(Any other relevant point)		
22	(Explain and to be assessed as a whole)		
23	Role of banks in the development of the Indian economy:		
	i. Banks keep the money of the people in safe custody.		
	ii. Banks provide interest on deposits.		
	iii. Banks provide loans at low interest rate and are used for various economic activities.		
	iv. Banks promote agricultural sector by providing loans to the farmers for their requirements.		
	v. Banks also boost the industrial sector.		
	vi. They are the backbone of the country's trade.		
	vii. Banks employ a large number of people. In this way, they minimize employment problems.		
	(Any other relevant point)		5 v 1 – 5
	(Any five points to be explained)	ECO-42	5x1=5
24	Advancement of International Trade of a Country:		
	Advancement of International Trade of a country is an index to its economic prosperity. No country can survive without international trade. India doesnot produce all goods that it needs. Hence it exchanges its surplus goods with those of other countries required by it through foreign trade which helps to improve its productivity in the production of manufactured goods which can earn more money. Thus, prosperity of a country depends on the advancement of its international trade.	GEO – 90,	
	(To be assessed as a whole)	91	5
25	Main features of Bolivia's water war:		
	The Bolivian Government sold right for the city of Cochabamba to a Multinational company. The company increased the price of water by four times. In January 2000, community leaders organized a four day strike in the	DP - 60	5X1=5

	city. The government agreed to negotiate and the strike was called off. Yet nothing happened. The police resorted to brutal repression when the agitation again was started. Another strike followed in April and the government imposed Martial Law. But the power of the people forced the officials of the MNC to flee the city and made the government concede to all the demands of the protestors.  (To be assessed as a whole)		
26			
	Economic hardships faced by Europeans in the mid 19 <sup>th</sup> century:		
	i. An enormous increase in population all over Europe.	HIS –15	
	ii. Problem of Unemployment.		
	iii. Stiff competition from imports.		
	iv. Peasants struggled under the burden of feudal dues and obligations.		
	v. The rise of food prices .		
	vi. Bad harvest and food shortage.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any five points to be explained)		
	OR		
	Features of the 'Go East Movement" started in Vietnam:		
	<ol> <li>In the first decade of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century, 'Go East Movement' became popular.</li> </ol>		
	<ul> <li>ii. In 1907 – 1908, three hundred Vietnamese went to Japan to acquire modern education.</li> </ul>		
	iii. Their main objective was to drive out the French and overthrow the emperor.		
	iv. They wanted to reestablish the Nguyen Dynasty.		
	v. These nationalist looked for foreign arms and help Vietnamese students established restoration society in Tokyo.		
	vi. Developments in China also inspired Vietnamese students.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Any five points to be explained)	HIS - 42	5X1=5

27			
21	Need to use renewable sources of energy:		
	1. Growing consumption of energy.		
	2. Rising prices of fossil fuels.		
	3. Availability of fossil fuels is uncertain in future.		
	4. These sources of energy create environmental problems.		
	5. India is blessed with an abundant non-conventional sources of energy such as solar, wind energy, tidal and bio-mass.		
	6. They do not pollute the environment.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
20	(Any five points to be explained)	GEO-62	5x1=5
28	Democratic governments are accountable to the citizens:		
	In democracy, people have the right to choose their rulers people have control over their rulers. Therefore, democracy produces a government that is accountable to the citizens and responsive to the needs and expectations of the citizens. Democracy ensures that decision making will be based on norms and procedures. Citizens have the right and the means to examine the process of decision making. This signifies that democracy produces an accountable government.		
	(Any other relevant point)		
	(Assessed as a whole)	DP-91	5x1=5
29	See attached map for answer.		
	(29.1) For visually impaired candidates:  A. Madras/ Chennai B. Dandi C. Champaran (29.2)		
	(i) Assam		
	(ii) Pune		
	(iii) West Bengal		6x1=6

